

# Recent developments in the biochar market

April 2024 Hansjörg Lerchenmüller



Status March 2024



### Use of biomass for emission reduction and carbon removal



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### Broad range of biomass suitable for carbonization



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### Broad range of applications of Biochar

#### **Urban Applications**







#### **Construction materials**





# Biochar replacing fossil carbon in the metallurgic industry starts to become important for several biochar producers





### CDR credits: Key driver for further market growth

Digital Monitoring Reporting and Verification





#### EU Trilogue on CRCF ended successfully in Feb 2024 – BCR included in industrial permanent carbon removal

European Biochar

## EU Carbon Removals:

### Provisional Agreement on the CRCF

- Carbon Removal Certification
  Framework (CRCF) will rule all CDR activities in Europe
- Biochar is included in all three removal categories, with the focus on permanent industrial removal





European Biochar Industry

### **Report on Permanence of Biochar**

# Perspectives from two recent publications and EBI conclusions

Bier, H. & Lerchenmüller, H. (2024)

14. March 2024



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## 

# Biochar consists of different fractions with fundamentally different chemical properties that can be quantified



- Biochars consist of different material fractions
- Biochar fractions that have been exposed to high temperatures are chemically/ structurally equivalent to inertinite
- Inertinite is the most stable form of organic carbon and has long been accepted as a benchmark for permanence in earth science
- Today's industrial & commercial biochars consist in large parts of inertinite (typically >95%)



# Inertinite Biochar fractions will not relevantly degrade in soils within climate-relevant periods

(in any case beyond 1,000 years, realistically well beyond 10,000 years)



## Outline

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#### BCR's role in Net Zero pathways

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Scaling BCR to climate relevance

### Three of the options have an inherent correlation with energy



# CO<sub>2</sub> footprints of energy generation are important to find sensible net-zero pathways



#### The net $CO_2$ effect per captured tonne of $CO_2$ – a key metric for effective climate impact – is highest for BCR

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- Further **adding the perspective** of **power provision** or **consumption with 110 g/kWh<sub>el</sub>** (EU Target for 2030)
- Regardless of the progress on de-fossilization, BCR always has the highest net CO<sub>2</sub> effect per tonne of CO<sub>2</sub> removed

### Two of the permanent options are biomass-based



# Another key metric is the net $CO_2$ effect per tonne of biomass which awards BCR the silver medal, gold medal goes to BECCS



- BECCS offers highest biomass efficiency, but comes with significant infrastructure challenges, including CO<sub>2</sub> logistics and heat utilization for large installations
- BCR shows higher net CO<sub>2</sub> effects than bioenergy solutions and is a good option when infrastructure requirement and/or economics are difficult/prohibitive for BECCS
- Combination of BCR & CCS is comparable to BECCS (first projects will start construction in 2024)



# BCR is a no-regret solution on the net-zero pathway, it contributes both to carbon removal and to emission reduction











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## European Biochar Market Report 2023 | 2024

March 2024



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#### Carbonfuture



### Broad variety of technology providers

30 technology providers, many of them at TRL8 or even TRL9











## Exemplary pyrolysis equipment providers

There are over 30 technology providers on the market in Europe, with some having installed dozens of systems

For further info see the European Biochar Market Report 2023/2024





### **Equipment manufacturers**

Examples for industrial equipment in Finland



Beyond plants that are operated by equipment manufacturers themselves there are several other biochar production plants in Finland

EBI has three further members in Finland





### **Biochar market growth**

Cumulative number of Biochar production plants in Europe



- By end of **2023, the cumulative number** of operational production plants in Europe has **grown to 171 installations**
- Until the end of 2024, the cumulative number of production plants in Europe is expected to grow to over 220 installations
- Many further projects are in advanced planning and/or in the permitting process for commissioning in 2025 (almost 40 projects with >35,000 t production capacity)

**B**EBI

### **Biochar market growth and growth rates**

Cumulative Biochar production capacity in Europe



- Biochar production capacity continues to show strong growth. In 2023 it grew to 75,000 t Biochar
- For 2024 we expect the production capacity to grow to 115,000 t

### **EB**

### **Biochar market growth and growth rates**

Cumulative Biochar production capacity in Europe



- From 2022 to 2023 the production capacity grew by 41%
- **3y CAGR** was **54%** (2020 2023)
- Based on **project pipeline for 2024** growth rate is expected to be at 55%

For further info see the European Biochar Market Report 2023/2024





# BCR is today's most relevant industrial CDR technology for permanent carbon removal

## 

#### **NSR Helsingborg** Reference Project ("Large")







- Customer: Nordvästra Skånes
  Renhållnings AB (NSR)
- Equipment: **Vow ASA BGR750**
- Commissioning: 2023
- Feedstock: Municipal green waste
- Surplus energy use: feeding up to 1,500 kW<sub>th</sub> into for the local district heating network
- Biochar production: 1,200 t/yr of Biochar corresponding to 3,300 t CO<sub>2e</sub>





#### **Follum Industrial Pilot** Reference Project ("Large")





## VOW

- Customer: Vow Green Metals
- Equipment: **Vow ASA BGR750**
- Commissioning: 2023
- Feedstock: Demolition wood
- Surplus energy use: feeding up to 2,000 kW<sub>th</sub> into for the local district heating network
- Biochar production: 1,500 t/yr of Biochar mostly supplied to replace fossil coal in the metallurgic industry





#### **Stiesdal SkyClean Vrå** Reference Project ("Industrial")







- Customer: Agri Energy Vraa
- Equipment: Stiesdal SkyClean
- Commissioning: in commissioning (03/2024)
- Feedstock: **biogas digestate**
- Surplus energy use: 7.5 MW<sub>th</sub> high temperature process heat for biogas upgrade
- Biochar production: 15,000 t/yr of Biochar corresponding to 31,000 t CO<sub>2</sub>

For further Reference Projects see the European Biochar Market Report 2023/2024





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## Scaling BCR to climate relevance

# Extrapolating a growth rate of 50% will bring BCR to 2.3 megatons by 2030



- Starting point is the **historic production** of **biochar until 2023**
- To convert the amount of biochar produced into CO<sub>2</sub>, a conversion rate of 2.8 tons of CO<sub>2</sub> per t of biochar was used
- This growth path would bring BCR to 2.3 Mt by 2030, which is equivalent to just under 50% of the ambition of the EU Commission for permanent technical carbon removal

# Extrapolation growth rates beyond 2030 to 2040 guides the path to climate relevance



 $-\Delta$ -Growth BaseCase

- To model beyond 2030, declining growth rates were used as a BaseCase:
  - **40%** until 2035
  - **30%** until 2040, which
  - would bring BCR to 50 Mt by 2040

# Extrapolation growth rates beyond 2030 to 2040 guides the path to climate relevance



- An UpsideSzenario with
  - **45%** until 2035
  - **40%** until 2040, which

would bring BCR to 80 Mt by 2040

 The numbers compare to a 2040 target of the EU Commission of 75 Mt for permanent technical CDR (including BCR) and an overall target of 400 Mt for all CDR solutions – and to a target to cut emissions by 90% to 490 Mt

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### Potential bottlenecks for the above basis growth scenario

- Could the equipment manufacturers produce pyrolysis equipment at this growth rate?
- Could project development, permitting and project financing facilitate such growth?
- Is there sufficient biomass to support such growth rates?

 Can biochar application markets grow fast enough to ensure offtake of the produced biochar?

- A growth rate of 33% in number of installations appears to be perfectly achievable
- We certainly need more professional project developers, but in principle it does not seem to limit the growth
- Allocating biomass accordingly makes sense
  - BCR shows higher net CO<sub>2</sub> effects than combustion
  - 75 Mt of CO<sub>2</sub> would require 15% of the biomass
- This is probably the biggest challenge to maintain high growth rates



# BCR is capable of delivering carbon removal at climate relevant volumes within 15 years